# 27<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL REPORT 2019-2020



Yash Management & Satellite Limited



# **Yash Management & Satellite Limited**

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Mr. Anurag Gupta
	Mr. Satish Gupta
	Mr. Sandeep Mangal
	Mrs. Navrati Gupta
AUDITORS	M/s. Jain & Trivedi
	Chartered Accountants
REGISTRAR & SHARE	Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited
TRANSFER AGENT	17-20, Jaferbhoy Industrial Estate,
	Makwana Road, Marol Naka,
	Andheri (East), Mumbai-400059
	Tel No.: 91-22-42270400
	Email: info@adroitcorporate.com
REGISTERED OFFICE	Office No. 303, Morya Landmark-I,
	Opp Infiniti Mall, New Link Road,
	Andheri (West), Mumbai-400053
	Tel No.: 91-22-67425443
	Email: info@yashmanagement.in
	CIN: L65920MH1993PLC073309

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#### NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty Seventh (27th) Annual General Meeting ("27th AGM") of "YASH MANAGEMENT AND SATELLITE LIMITED" will be held on Wednesday, September 30, 2020 at 11.00 A.M. (IST) through Video Conferencing/ other Audio Visual Means ("VC"/"OAVM") facility, to transact the following Business(es):

# **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 including Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mrs. Navrati Gupta (DIN: 00399022), who retires by rotation in terms of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

By Order of the Board

Ayushi Bhargava Company Secretary ACS: 60056

## NOTES:

- 1. In view of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing norm and continuing restriction on movement of persons at several places in the country and pursuant to General Circular Nos.14/2020, 17/2020 and 20/2020 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 5, 2020 respectively, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars") and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI Circular") and in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), the 27th AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC/OAVM Facility, which does not require physical presence of Members at a common venue. The deemed venue for the 27th AGM shall be Registered Office of the Company.
- 2. Details as required in sub-regulation (4) of Regulation 26 and sub-regulation (3) of Regulation 36 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meeting (SS-2) of ICSI, in respect of Director seeking appointment / reappointment at the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM, forms integral part of the Notice of the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM as Annexure. Requisite declarations have been received from the Directors for seeking appointment/ re-appointment.
- 3. In terms of the MCA Circulars since the physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with, there is no requirement of appointment of proxies. Accordingly, the facility of appointment of proxies by Members under Section 105 of the Act will not be available for the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Act, representatives of the Members may be appointed for the purpose of voting through remote e-Voting, for participation in the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM through VC/OAVM Facility and e-Voting during the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM.
- 4. The Members may join the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM through VC/ OAVM Facility by following the procedure mentioned herein below in the Notice which shall be kept open for the Members from 10:45 A.M. IST i.e. 15 (fifteen) minutes before the time scheduled to start the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM and the Company may close the window for joining the VC/OAVM Facility 15 (fifteen) minutes after the scheduled time to start the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM. Members may note that the VC/ OAVM Facility, allows participation of at least 1,000 Members on a 'first come first served' basis. The large Shareholders (i.e. shareholders holding 2% or more), promoters, institutional investors, directors, key managerial personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, auditors etc. can attend the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM without any restriction on account of 'first come first served' basis
- 5. The attendance of the Members participating in the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM through VC/ OAVM Facility shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 6. Voting rights shall be reckoned on the paid-up value of shares registered in the name of member/beneficial owners (in case of electronic shareholding) as on the cut-off date i.e. Wednesday, September 23, 2020.

- 7. In view of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, resultant difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Annual Report and in line with the MCA Circulars issued by the MCA and SEBI Circular, the Annual Report for the year 2019- 20 including Notice of the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company, inter alia, indicating the process and manner of e-voting is being sent only by Email, to all the Members whose Email IDs are registered with the Company/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or with the respective Depository Participant(s) for communication purposes to the Members and to all other persons so entitled.
  - Further, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations read with the MCA Circulars issued by MCA and SEBI Circular, the Annual Report including Notice of the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company will also be available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.yashmanagement.in">www.yashmanagement.in</a>. The same can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at <a href="https://www.bseindia.com">www.bseindia.com</a>. and on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the remote e-voting facility and e-voting system during the 27th AGM) i.e. <a href="https://www.evotingindia.com">www.evotingindia.com</a>
- 8. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Wednesday, September 23, 2020 to Wednesday September 30, 2020 (both days inclusive) for annual closing.
- 9. Since the 27th AGM will be held through VC/OAVM Facility, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
- 10. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to intimate immediately any change in their address or bank mandates to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to advise any change of address immediately to the Company/Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited.
- 11. Members must quote their Folio No. /Demat Account No. and contact details such as e-mail address, contact no. etc. in all their correspondence with the Company/Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
- 12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number ("PAN") by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
- 13. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement are available on website of the Company at <a href="https://www.yashmanagement.in">www.yashmanagement.in</a> for inspection by the Members up to the date of 27th AGM.
  - During the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM, Members may access the scanned copy of Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, and the Register of Contracts or arrangements, if any in which Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Act which will be available on website of the Company.
- 14. The Company has designated an exclusive Email ID <a href="mailto:cs@yashmanagement.in">cs@yashmanagement.in</a> for redressal of Members complaints/grievances. For any investor related queries, you are requested to please write to us at the above Email ID.
- 15. Members who wish to obtain any information on the Company or view the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 may visit the Company's website at <a href="www.yashmanagement.in">www.yashmanagement.in</a> or send their queries at <a href="cs@yashmanagement.in">cs@yashmanagement.in</a> at least Seven (7) days before the date of 27th AGM. The same will be replied by/ on behalf of the Company suitably.
- 16. In terms of the applicable provisions of the Act and Rules thereto, the Company has obtained e-mail addresses of its Members and have given an advance opportunity to every Member to register their e-mail address and changes therein from time to time with the Company for service of communications/ documents (including Notice of General Meetings, Audited Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and all other documents) through electronic mode.
  - Although, the Company has given opportunity for registration of e-mail addresses and has already obtained e-mail addresses from some of its Members, Members who have not registered their E-mail address so far are requested to register their e-mail for receiving all communications including Annual Report, Notices and Circulars etc. from the Company electronically. Members can do this by updating their email addresses with their depository participants.

17. In case of joint holders attending the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.

# Registration of email ID and Bank Account details:

- (a) In case the shareholder's email ID is already registered with the Company/its Registrar & Share Transfer Agent "RTA"/Depositories, log in details for e-voting are being sent on the registered email address.
- (b) In case the shareholder has not registered his/her/their email address with the Company/its RTA/Depositories and or not updated the Bank Account mandate, the following instructions to be followed:
  - (i) In case of shares in physical form, please inform M/s Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited, RTA of the company, by enclosing the photocopy of blank cancelled cheque of your Bank Account.

# (ii) In the case of Shares held in Demat mode:

The shareholder may please contact the Depository Participant ("DP") and register the email address and bank account details in the demat account as per the process followed and advised by the DP.

18. Securities of listed companies would be transferred in dematerialized form only w.e.f. April 1, 2019. In view of the same, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to convert their holdings to dematerialized form to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management. Members can contact the Company's RTA for assistance in this regard.

# 19. Voting

In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI") and Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company is pleased to provide its Members the facility to cast their votes either for or against each resolutions set forth in the Notice of the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM using electronic voting system ('remote e-voting') and e-voting (during the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM), provided by CDSL and the business may be transacted through such voting.

Only those Members who will be present in the  $27^{th}$  AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the resolutions through remote e-voting, and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system during the  $27^{th}$  AGM.

# (A) THE INTRUCTIONS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER

- (i) The voting period begins on Sunday, September 27, 2020 (9.00 AM IST) and ends on Tuesday, September 29, 2020 (5.00 PM IST). During this period, Members holding shares either in physical or dematerialized form, as on cut-off date, i.e. as on Wednesday, September 23, 2020 may cast their votes electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after dispatch of the Notice of 27<sup>th</sup> AGM and holds shares as of the cut-off date i.e. Wednesday, September 23, 2020, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at cs@yashmanagement.in or helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com However, if a Member is already registered with CDSL for e-voting, then he/she can use existing user id and password/PIN for casting the vote.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- (iv) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- (v) Now enter your User ID
  - a) For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
  - b) For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
  - c) Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.

- (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- (viii) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form

PAN	Enter your 10-digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number which is printed on Postal Ballot / Attendance Slip indicated in the PAN field.
Dividend	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy
Bank Details	as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to
OR	login.
Date of Birth (DOB) format)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (x) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN for the relevant < Company Name > on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app "m-Voting". The m- Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.
- (B) PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:
  - 1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card),

AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email at <a href="mailto:investors@yashmanagement.in">investors@yashmanagement.in</a> or to <a href="mailto:info@adroitcorporate.com">info@adroitcorporate.com</a>

- 2. For Demat shareholders please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email at <a href="mailto:investors@yashmanagement.in">investors@yashmanagement.in</a> or <a href="mailto:info@adroitcorporate.com">info@adroitcorporate.com</a>.
- The company/RTA shall co-ordinate with CDSL and provides the login credentials to the abovementioned shareholders.

# (C) INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE 27th AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Shareholder/Members are entitled to attend the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at https://www.evotingindia.com under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed. Facility for joining the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM through VC/OAVM shall open 15 (fifteen) minutes before the time scheduled for the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM and will be available to the Members on first come first serve basis.
- 2. Shareholders/Members are requested to participate on first come first serve basis as participation through VC/OAVM is limited and will be closed on expiry of 15 (fifteen) minutes from the scheduled time of the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM. Shareholders/Members with >2% shareholding, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, KMPs, Chair Persons of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Auditors etc. may be allowed to the meeting without restrictions of first come- first serve basis. Members can log in and join 15 (fifteen) minutes prior to the schedule time of the meeting and window for joining shall be kept open till the expiry of 15 (fifteen) minutes after the schedule time. Participation is restricted up to 1000 members only.
- 3. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / I Pads for better experience.
- 4. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 5. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 6. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at <a href="mailto:cs@yashmanagement.in">cs@yashmanagement.in</a>. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at <a href="mailto:cs@yashmanagement.in">cs@yashmanagement.in</a>. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 7. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.

# (D) INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE 27<sup>th</sup> AGM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the  $27^{th}$  AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those shareholders, who are present in the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM.
- 3. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

4. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

# (xx) Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians

- a) Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, and NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- b) A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <a href="helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a>.
- c) After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- d) The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- e) A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- f) Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; <a href="mailto:investors@yashmanagement.in">investors@yashmanagement.in</a> if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800225533.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL, ) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800225533.

- 20. Mr. B. K. Gupta, Partner (C.P. No. 40889) of M/s BKG & Associates, Chartered Accountants (FRN: 114852W) have been appointed as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the Members of the Company to scrutinize the remote e-voting process and voting through Ballot at the 27th AGM in a fair and transparent manner.
- 21. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM, first count the votes cast during the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and make, not later than 48 hours of conclusion of the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who shall countersign the same. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company (<a href="www.yashmanagement.in">www.yashmanagement.in</a>) immediately. The result will also be displayed on the Notice Board of the Company at its Registered Office. The Company shall simultaneously forward the results to BSE Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed. The resolutions, if passed by requisite majority, shall be deemed to have been passed on the date of the 27<sup>th</sup> AGM i.e. September 30, 2020.
- 22. Section 72 of the Act provides for Nomination by the Members of the Company in the prescribed Form No. SH-13 for shares held in physical form. Blank forms will be supplied by Adroit Corporate Services on request. Members holding shares in dematerialized form may contact their respective Depository Participants for recording of nomination.

Registered office:

Office No.303, Morya Land Mark- 1, Opp Infinity Mall, Off New Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumbai-400053 CIN L65920MH1993PLC073309 **By Order of the Board** 

**Ayushi Bhargava** Company Secretary ACS: 60056

Dated: August 25, 2020

# ANNEXURE TO AGM NOTICE

The Statement of disclosures pursuant to Secretarial Standard-2 on General Meetings and Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, is as under:

Name of the Director	Mrs. Navrati Gupta
DIN	00399022
Date of Birth	04/04/1968
Date of first appointment in the current designation	05/08/2014
Qualification	B.Sc
Brief Resume	Mrs. Navrati Gupta is a Science Graduate. She belongs to business family. She has learned a lot about basics of business during pre and post married period. Hence she is able to contribute fairly in the betterment of the business of the company.
Nature of expertise in specific functional areas	Mrs. Gupta has good administrative skills and presently managing administration.
Directorships and Committee memberships held in other listing Companies as on 31.03.2020	Mrs. Gupta is not a Director on the board of any other Listed company.
Inter-se relationship between directors	Mrs. Gupta is Spouse of Mr. Anurag Gupta, who is Managing Director of the company.
No. of Meetings of the Board attended	5 out of 5 in the F.Y. 2019-20
Details of remuneration last drawn	NIL during the F.Y. 2019-20
Number of Shares held in the Company	6,00,000

To

The Members.

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 27<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020.

# FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rs. In "000")

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2020	Year Ended March 31, 2019	
Revenue from Operations	675.00	3,763.68	
Other Income	7,290.30	9,248.39	
Profit/(loss) before Interest & Financial Charges, Depreciation, Exceptional items and Tax	(217.27)	3,336.79	
Less: Depreciation	1,133.03	1,158.27	
Less: Interest & Financial Charges	977.96	9,15.96	
Profit/(loss) before Exceptional item and Tax	(2,328.26)	12,62.56	
Add: Exceptional items	-	116.93	
Profit/(loss) before tax	(2,328.26)	1,379.49	
Less: Provision for Taxation Current Year Tax Previous Year Tax Deferred Tax— MAT	37.46 -	168.85 - (168.85)	
Profit/(loss) after Tax	(2,365.72)	1,379.49	
Add: Balance brought forward from previous year	(14,104.07)	(23,557.09)	
Add: Other Comprehensive Income	(27,683.12)	8,073.53	
Less: Transfer to any reserve	-	-	
Balance Carried to Balance Sheet	(44,152.91)	(14,104.07)	

# **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

The financial year 2019-20 has indeed been a challenging year for all the industries and the economy. During the year under review total income of the Company is Rs 7,965.30 thousand as compared to last year's total income of Rs 13,012.07 thousand and the company has incurred a loss of Rs. 2,365.72 thousand (before : Other Comprehensive Income) during the year under review.

# **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

Company is mainly engaged into the trading business of various types of commodities and goods. The company is also exploring of importing commodities used for industrial and other uses and indigenous trading business of agricultural commodities and other items. The Board of Directors look towards the future performance with a positive approach.

## DIVIDEND

In view of losses during the year under review, the directors do not recommend any dividend for the year ended March 31, 2020.

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

#### GLOBAL ECONOMY

The outbreak of pandemic Covid-19 all over the world has disturbed the political, social, economic, religious and financial structures of the whole world. World's topmost economies such as the US, China, UK, Germany, France, Italy, Japan and many others are at the verge of collapse. Besides, Stock Markets around the world have been pounded. Many experts on economic and financial matters have warned about the worsening condition of global economic and financial structure as "a recession at least as bad as during the Global Financial Crisis or worse". Moreover, Covid-19 is harming the global economy because the world has been experiencing the most difficult economic situation since World War-II. When it comes to the human cost of the Corona virus pandemic it is immeasurable therefore all countries need to work together with cooperation and coordination to protect the human beings as well as limit the economic damages. For instance, the lockdown has restricted various businesses such as travelling to contain the virus consequently this business is coming to an abrupt halt globally. The spread of the epidemic is picking up speed and causing more economic damages. It also observed that the economic recovery from this fatal disease is only possible by 2021 because it has left severe impacts on the global economy and the countries face multiple difficulties to bring it back in a stable condition. Most of the economists have already predicted about the recession to happen because there is no surety and still no one knows that how for this pandemic fall and how long the impact would be is still difficult to predict. The pandemic crisis is challenging governments to implement monetary and fiscal policies that support credit markets and sustain economic activity.

## INDIAN ECONOMY

The COVID-19 outbreaks in India and two months of lockdown longer in some areas have led to a sudden stop in the economy. The India Economy is witnessing a significant slowdown, with GDP growth at 4.7% in Q3 2019-20, its lowest in nearly seven years. The COVID-19 outbreak has compounded the challenges and could send the economy hurtling toward a recession

The economic impact of the 2019–20 coronavirus pandemic in India has been largely disruptive. The World Bank and credit rating agencies have downgraded India's growth for fiscal year 2021 with the lowest figures India has seen in three decades since India's economic liberalization in the 1990s. The former Chief Economic Advisor to the Government of India has said that India should prepare for a negative growth rate in FY21. However, the International Monetary Fund projection for India for the Financial Year 2021-22 of 1.9% GDP growth is the highest among G-20 nations.

The Government of India is aiming to attract companies that wish to move out of China or are looking for an alternative to China

The Prime Minister, in an address to the nation, said that the coronavirus crisis should be seen as an opportunity, laying emphasis on domestic products and "economic self-reliance", an Atmanirbhar Bharat through an Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan. The aim of an Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan is to "spur growth" and "self-reliance India". The 'Self-reliant India Mission' is a repackaged version of Make in India.

## RISK AND CONCERNS

- The pandemic and consequent lockdown have hit various sectors, including MSME, hospitality, civil aviation, agriculture and allied sector.
- The pandemic has paralyzed economies, compelling businesses to re-evaluate their strategies. Companies will need to build their financial muscle and focus on developing a lean structure to stir through the uncertain business environment.
- The global nature of the outbreak, coupled with its high intensity and long duration, is expected to change the business landscape by way of shift in trade flows, investments and consumption patterns. Hence, the priority for businesses should be to draft a comprehensive action and recovery plan to mitigate the risks and address the main challenges.
- Restrictions on travel and hospitality services have wreaked havoc on the bulk institutional sales and foodservice businesses of the FMCG companies.

- Since the imposition of the nationwide lockdown, FMCG companies and retailers are dealing with challenges primarily around three highly interconnected issues: surge in demand & depletion of inventory, reduction in workforce, and supply chain disruption.
- The impact on the all sectors would be long-term, reflected in the decline in revenue due to the low utilization of assets. Cash flows and working capital of firms will also remain strained.
- With social distancing becoming a norm, at least for the next few more months, both travel & tourism and entertainment sectors are not expected to recover soon. Furthermore, unemployment and fall in income levels would aggravate the situation.
- The nationwide lockdown in India will have a sizeable impact on the economy mainly on consumption which is the biggest component of GDP.
- Reduction in the urban transaction can lead to a steep fall in the consumption of non-essential goods. It can
  be severe if disruption causes by the nationwide lockdown and affect the availability of essential
  commodities.
- Due to weak domestic consumption and consumer sentiment, there can be a delay in investment which further add pressure on the growth.

## **OPPORTUNITIES & THREATS**

- Post-COVID-19, some economies are expected to adopt de-risking strategies and shift their manufacturing bases from China. This can create opportunities for India. Opportunities will largely depend on how quickly the economy recovers and the pace at which the supply chain issues are addressed.
- India could potentially lead the change in a post-COVID world with its vast array of engineers and investment opportunities.
- We are going through a restart in a lot of respects globally where everything that we used to do for business does not really work anymore. We are trying to evolve how we do business, dealing with more people and having to stay at home. So post-COVID for us is about opportunity. It is about talking to entrepreneurs, talking to people and employees and looking for new ideas on how we can do business.
- Because of the coronavirus crisis which originated from Wuhan, China, several companies are looking to
  move out of China. In fact, the Japanese government has allocated an economic stimulus package of \$2.2
  billion to help its manufacturing firms shift production out of China, where supply chains have been
  disrupted due to pandemic. India is planning to attract some of these companies looking to diversify their
  manufacturing units and supply chains.
- US and Japan deemed as the two major manufacturing hubs of the world who had so far made deep investments in China, will be looking towards alternate hotspots. India is on top of their list. This could be a turning point in the development of India, emphasizing that it's only possible if the political and business leadership continue to display the resoluteness and agility that they have demonstrated in handling the pandemic.
- "Disruption is always an opportunity," and it all depends on what one makes of these new possibilities. Prime Minister Narendra Modi unveiled a comprehensive package to make India self-reliant as it battles the covid-19 pandemic. This is worth almost 10% of the nation's GDP.
- India MSME and other companies often faced unfair competition from foreign companies. Therefore, global tenders will be disallowed in Government procurement tender up to Rs. 200 Crore. This will be a step towards Self Reliant India and support Make in India. This will also help MSME to increase their business.

# **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

## Global Economy in Recession in - 2020

Global growth is projected at 3.0 percent in 2020, an outcome far worse than during the 2009 global financial crisis. The growth forecast is marked down by more than 6 percentage points relative to the October 2019 World Economic Outlook (WEO) and January 2020 WEO Update projections an extraordinary revision over such a short period of time.

#### Severe Risks of a Worse Outcome

Even after the severe downgrade to global growth, risks to the outlook are on the downside. The pandemic could prove more persistent than assumed in the baseline. Moreover, the effects of the health crisis on economic activity and financial markets could turn out to be stronger and longer lasting, testing the limits of central banks to backstop the financial system and further raising the fiscal burden of the shock. Of course, if a therapy or a vaccine is found earlier than expected, social distancing measures can be removed and the rebound may occur faster than anticipated.

## TRANSFER TO RESERVES

No amount has been transferred to reserves during the year under review.

#### PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted/renewed any fixed deposits from the public or the Members, within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014, during the financial year 2019-2020, and, as such, no amount of principal or interest on deposits from public or the Members, was outstanding as of the Balance Sheet date.

## SHARE CAPITAL

The Company had not issued any equity shares either with or without differential rights during the F.Y. 2019 - 2020 and hence, the disclosure requirements under Section 43 and Rule 4 (4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, are not applicable.

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

In accordance with the Provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the company Mrs. Navrati Gupta (DIN:00399022), Non -Executive Director, being longest in the office, shall retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered herself for reappointment.

Ms. Ayushi Bhargava has been appointed as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer effective from 04<sup>th</sup> November 2019 in place of Mrs. Hema Bose, who was working as interim Compliance Officer of the company.

Except as explained hereinabove, there were no changes in Directorship of the Company as well as in Key Managerial Personnel category during the period under review. As on March 31, 2020 the composition of the Board is as per the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (LODR) Regulations, 2015. All the Directors are having vast knowledge and experience in their relevant fields and the Company had benefitted immensely by their presence in the Board.

None of the Directors of your Company is disqualified under the provisions of Section 164(2)(a) and (b) of the Companies Act, 2013. During the period under review, no Non-Executive Director of the Company had any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board of Directors hereby confirms that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii) such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31, 2020 and of the loss for the year ended on that date.
- iii) proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the annual accounts of the company have been prepared on a 'going concern' basis.

- v) internal financial controls have been laid down to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- vi) proper system have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such system were adequate and operating effectively.

## **DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(7) of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 16 (1) (b) of the Listing regulations, the company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors, confirming that they fulfill the criteria of Independence as prescribed under section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under to hold the office of the Independent Director for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

# EVALUATION OF DIRECTORS, COMMITTEE AND BOARD

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors has carried out evaluation of its own performance, its Committees and Individual Directors. The evaluation process has been explained in the Report on Corporate Governance, which forms part of this Board's Report.

Also, the Independent Directors, at their meeting reviewed the performance of the Board, its Chairman and Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

## NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

A notice of the Board Meeting is circulated well in advance with Agenda, including detailed explanation to be discussed, to enable the Board to take an informed decision. The Board met 5 (Five) times during the financial year ended March 31, 2020. viz. on May 15, 2019; August 12, 2019; October 24, 2019; November 04, 2019 and February 12, 2020 in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under and Listing Regulations. Detailed information on the Board Meetings with regard to their dates and attendance of each of the Directors thereat have been included in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Board's Report.

Additionally, during the financial year ended March 31, 2020 a separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on February 12, 2020, in compliance with the requirements of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25(3) and 25(4) of the Listing Regulations

Post the Independent Directors Meeting, the collective feedback of each of the Independent Director was scaled and measured on defined ratings, thereby covering the performance of Board as a whole, performance of the non-independent directors and performance of the Chairman.

#### **COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD**

The Board of Directors of your Company had already constituted various Committees in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulation viz.:

- a. Audit Committee.
- b. Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
- c. Stakeholder Relationship Committee.

All decisions pertaining to the constitution of Committees, appointment of members and fixing of terms of reference / role of the Committees are taken by the Board of Directors. A detailed note on the Board and its Committees is provided under the Corporate Governance Section in this Annual Report.

# NOMINATION & REMUNERATION POLICY

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee has formulated necessary policy on appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director. The details of "Nominations and Remuneration Policy" are explained in the Report on Corporate Governance along with the other details, which forms part of this Board's Report.

## PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION

Information as required under the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s)/amendment(s)/re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), is set out in **Annexure-I** hereto, which forms part of this Board's Report.

## SUBSIDIARIES/JOINT VENTURE/ASSOCIATE COMPANY

The Company does not have any subsidiary or associate company and has not entered into joint venture with any other company during the financial year ended March 31, 2020. Accordingly, a statement under the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiary (ies) in Form AOC-1 is not enclosed.

# EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The extract of Annual Return pursuant to the provisions of Section 92 read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and administration) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as **Annexure-II** to this report.

The web link for the same is <a href="http://www.yashmanagement.in/yashman/investorsinfo.html">http://www.yashmanagement.in/yashman/investorsinfo.html</a>

## SECRETARIAL AUDITORS AND THEIR REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, your Company had appointed M/s. Kamlesh Jain & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Mumbai, as its Secretarial Auditor to conduct the secretarial audit of the Company for the financial year 2019-2020.

The Report on Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2019-2020, in Form MR-3, as **Annexure III**, forms integral part of this Board's Report. During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc mentioned above except Non-Compliance with requirement to appoint a qualified company secretary as compliance officer for 3 days (after cooling period mentioned as per companies act, 2013).

However, the Company had filled the vacancy created by resignation of Mr. Pratik Toprani as a qualified company secretary with effect from April 30, 2019 by appointing Ms. Ayushi Bhargava as a qualified company secretary and compliance officer with effect from November 4, 2019 and complied with the requirements of the said regulation.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

As stipulated under the provision of Regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V (c) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 a separate report on Corporate Governance forms integral part of this Report. The requisite Compliance certificate as required under Part E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulation is issued by M/s. Jain &Trivedi; Chartered Accountants pertaining to the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance are annexed.

#### STATUTORY AUDITORS

In compliance with the provisions of Section 139 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s)/reenactment(s)/amendment(s)thereof, for the time being in force), M/s Jain & Trivedi, Chartered Accountants,(FRN:113496W) were appointed as Statutory Auditors at the 24<sup>th</sup> AGM held on 23<sup>rd</sup> June, 2017, to hold office for a term of five (5) consecutive years from the conclusion of the 24<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 29<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting, subject to the ratification at the Annual General Meeting in each of the subsequent years during the aforementioned term of their appointment.

However, with the Notification dated May 7, 2018 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'), the first proviso to section 139(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to the requirement of annual ratification of appointment of Auditors by Members is omitted.

Accordingly, as per the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, ratification of the appointment of Statutory Auditors during their period of appointment will not be considered.

The Statutory Auditors have confirmed that they satisfy the independence criteria as required under the Act.

# OBSERVATION OF STATUTORY AUDITORS ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

The Auditor's report given by M/s Jain &Trivedi, Statutory Auditors, on the Financial Statements of the Company, for the year ended March 31, 2020, forms part of the Annual Report. There has been no qualification, reservation or adverse remark or any Disclaimer in their Report.

## REPORTING OF FRAUDS

There have been no frauds reported by the Auditors, under sub section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (including amendments), during the financial year under review, to the Audit Committee or the Board of Directors and hence, as such there is nothing to report by the Board under Section 134 (3)(ca) of the Companies Act, 2013.

# PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The company has not given any loans or guarantees covered under the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. The detail of the investments made by company is given in the notes to the financial statements.

## PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED PARTIES

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of the business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the company with Promoters, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have potential conflict of interest with the company at large. Accordingly, disclosures of related party transactions in Form AOC-2 have not been furnished. All Related Party Transactions were placed before Audit Committee and Board for their approval. Your Company has formulated policy of Related Party Transaction which is also available on the website of the Company <a href="https://www.yashmanagement.in">www.yashmanagement.in</a>

# MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

No material changes and commitments which could affect the Company's financial position have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company and date of this report.

# TRANSFER OF AMOUNTS TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

The Company does not have any funds lying unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years. Therefore there were no funds which were required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

# a) Conservation of Energy & Technology Absorption

The Company is not engaged in manufacturing activities and therefore provisions relating to conservation of energy and technology absorption are not applicable to it. However, efforts are being made to minimize consumption of energy, wherever possible.

# b) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

- i. Foreign exchange earning Rs. Nil
- ii. Foreign Exchange outgo Rs. Nil

# RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Risk Management is an enterprise vides function that aims at assessing threats to business sustainability and mitigating those threats. The Board of Directors along with the senior management of the Company, having deep industry experience has developed and approved Risk Management Policy framework and Guidelines, wherein all material risks faced by the Company are identified and assessed. Moreover, in the said Risk Management Policy the Board has defined a structured approach to manage uncertainty, cultivating the same in their decision-making pertaining to all business divisions and corporate functions. For each of the risk identified, corresponding controls are assessed, and policies and procedures are put in place for monitoring, mitigating and reporting on periodic basis.

# CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The provisions of Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the company as company does not fall into ambit of the provisions of section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

# ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In respect of internal financial control, the Board has adopted the policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the timely prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information. Further, the management regularly reviews the control for any possible changes and takes appropriate actions.

# INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The details in respect of internal control systems and their adequacy are included in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report, which forms part of this report.

# VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

In pursuant to the provisions of section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, a Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy for directors and employees to report genuine concerns has been established by the Company in order to maintain highest standards of ethical, moral and legal conduct, adopted Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower policy to provide an avenue to its employees to raise concerns of any violations of legal or regulatory requirements, incorrect or misrepresentations of any financial statements and reports, etc. The Audit committee of the company oversees the said mechanism from time to time. None of the Company personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy of the Company is also available on the website of the Company www.yashmanagement.in

# INTERNAL COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and redressal) Act, 2013. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. During the year under review, company has not received any Sexual Harassment Complaints.

## CHANGES IN NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

During the year under review there is no change in the nature of business of the Company.

# SIGNIFICANT ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS, COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING GOING CONCERN AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

No orders have been passed by any Regulator or Court or Tribunal which can have an impact on the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

# COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND GENERAL MEETING

Pursuant to Clause 9 of the Revised Secretarial Standard-1 and Secretarial Standard -2 (SS-1& SS-2), your company has complied with applicable Secretarial Standard issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India during the financial year under review.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Directors takes this opportunity to thank all their colleagues at Yash Management & Satellite Ltd. for their professionalism and dedication to the task at hand. The board also wishes to place on record their appreciation for valuable support given by the Bankers, Clients and Shareholders.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anurag Gupta Sandeep Mangal

Managing Director Independent Director

DIN: 00398458 DIN: 02148088

Mumbai, dated August 25, 2020

# ANNEXURE- I

# **Particulars of Employees**

Disclosure in Board's Report as per the provision Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (as amended)

Sr. No	Requirements	Disclosures			
1	Ratio of remuneration of each director to median remuneration of employees for the financial year	Chairman & Managing Director –3.44:1			
2	Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, CFO, CEO, Company Secretary or	KMP	% increase in remuneration		
	Manager, if any, in the financial year	Mr. Anurag Gupta (Managing Director)	Nil		
		Ms. Ayushi Bhargava- CS (Appointed w.e.f. November 4, 2020)	NIL		
		Mrs. Hema Bose – CFO	8.08%		
3	Percentage increase in median remuneration of employees in the financial year	10%			
4	Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the company	5			
5	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the Managerial Personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	was 13% and the average increase in the managerial remuneration during the last financial year was 8%			
6	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company	Yes			

# Annexure-II

# FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company

	(Managemen	t & Administration) Rules,	2014.				
I. R	EGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:						
1	CIN	L65920MH1993PLC07330	)9				
2	Registration Date	4th August 1993					
3	Name of the Company	YASH MANAGEMENT A	AND SATELLITE LIMITE	D			
4	Category/Sub-category of the Company	PUBLIC COMPANY/ CO	MPANY LIMITED BY SH	ARES			
5	Address of the Registered office & contact details	OFFICE NO. 303, MORYA LANDMARK I, OPP INFINITY MALL, OFF NEW LINK ROAD, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI -400053 Tel No. 022-67425443 Fax No. 022-67425440 Email: info@yashmanagement.in Website: www.yashmanagement.in					
6	Whether listed company	YES					
7	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	M/s Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited 17-20, Jafferbhoy Industrial Estate, Makhwana Rd, Marol Andheri (East) Mumbai (M.H.) -400 059 Tel: 022-42270400					
II. I	PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COM	PANY					
(All	the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the to	tal turnover of the company s	hall be stated)				
S. No.	Name and Description of main products	s / services	NIC Code of the Product/service		irnover of the		
1	Trading Business		46411	10	0%		
III.	PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND	ASSOCIATE COMPANIES	3	•			
SN	Name and address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section		
	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A		
IV.	SHARE HOLDING PATTERN						

(Equity share capital breakup as percentage of total equity)

# (i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year [As on March 31, 2019]			No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on March 31, 2020]				% Change	
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
A. Promoters	-			•					
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	3,932,544	-	3,932,544	23.13%	4,759,730	-	4,759,730	28.00%	4.87%
b) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
d) Bodies Corp.	5,336,029	-	5,336,029	31.39%	5,336,029	-	5,336,029	31.39%	-
e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Any other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Sub Total (A) (1)	9,268,573	-	9,268,573	54.52%	10,095,759	-	10,095,759	59.39%	4.87%

Category of	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year [As on March 31, 2019]			No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on March 31, 2020]				% Change during the	
Shareholders	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	year
(2) Foreign									
a) NRI-Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Other-Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Any other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total (A) (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (A)	9,268,573	-	9,268,573	54.52%	10,095,759	-	10,095,759	59.39%	4.87%
B. Public	ļ				-			ļ.	
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Banks / FI	-	100	100	-	-	100	100	-	-
c) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) State Govt(s)	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital	_	_		_	-	_	_	_	_
f) Insurance	_	_		_	-	_	_	_	_
g) FIIs	_	_		_	_	_		_	_
h) Foreign Venture	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
i) Others (specify)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sub-total (B)(1):-	<u>-</u>	100	100	_	_	100	100	_	
	-	100	100	-	-	100	100	_	
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	1,077,393	22,900	1,100,293	6.47%	1,055,662	22,900	1,078,562	6.34%	-0.13%
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	2,399,771	285,951	2,685,722	15.80%	2,425,481	282551	2,708,032	15.93%	0.13%
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh	3,882,948	15,000	3,897,948	22.94%	3,056,777	15,000	3,071,777	18.07%	-4.87%
c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Resident Indians	36,019	10,500	46,519	0.27%	35,269	10,500	45,769	0.27%	-
Overseas Corporate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Nationals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clearing Members	845		845	-	1	-	1	-	-
Trusts	-	_	-	_	-	_		_	_
Foreign Bodies - D R	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(2):-	7,396,976	334,351	7,731,327	45.48%	6,573,190	330,951	6,904,141	40.61%	-4.87%
Total Public (B)	7,396,976	334,451	7,731,427	45.48%	6,573,190	331,051	6,904,241	40.61%	-4.87%
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
& ADRs Grand Total	16,665,549	334,451	17,000,000	100.00%	16,668,949	331,051	17,000,000	100.00%	_

(ii) S	Shareholding of Promoter							
		Shareholdin	g at the beginning	ng of the year	Sharehole	ding at the end o	of the year	
Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% change In shareholding during the year
1	Upsurge Investment & Finance Ltd.	2,840,000	16.71%	-	2,840,000	16.71%	-	-
2	Saujanya Trading Pvt. Ltd	1,796,029	10.56%	-	1,796,029	10.56%	-	-
3	Anurag Gupta HUF	1,768,879	10.41%	-	1,768,879	10.41%	-	-
4	Anurag Gupta	1,563,665	9.20%	-	2,390,851	14.06%	-	4.87%
5	Navrati Gupta	600,000	3.53%	-	600,000	3.53%	-	-
6	Yash Telefilms Limited	350,000	2.06%	-	350,000	2.06%	-	-
7	Yash Nanotech Limited	350,000	2.06%	-	350,000	2.06%	-	-
	Total	9,268,573	54.52%	-	10,095,759	59.39%	-	4.87%
(iii)	Change in Promoters' Shareholding	(please specify, it	f there is no ch	ange)				
					Shareholding a	t the beginning	Cumulative	Shareholding
Sr.	Name of the shareholders				of the	e year	during	the year
No.					No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
1	Anurag Gupta							
	At the beginning of the year				1,563,665	9.20%	1,563,665	9.20%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Sha	reholding during	g the year					
	19th August, 2019 (Purchase)				46,476	0.27%	1,610,141	9.47%
	21st August, 2019 (Purchase)				130,000	0.76%	1,740,141	10.24%
	22nd August, 2019 (Purchase)	161,200	0.95%	1,901,341	11.18%			
	26th August, 2019 (Purchase)				150,000	0.88%	2,051,341	12.07%
	27th August, 2019 (Purchase)				80,750	0.48%	2,132,091	12.54%
	30th October, 2019 (Purchase)				79,954	0.47%	2,212,045	13.01%
	31st October, 2019 (Purchase)				23,806	0.14%	2,235,851	13.15%
	18th February, 2020 (Purchase)				75,000	0.44%	2,310,851	13.59%
	19th February, 2020(Purchase)				80,000	0.47%	2,390,851	14.06%
	At the end of the year				2,390,851	14.06%	2,390,851	14.06%
	Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareh							
(	Other than Directors, Promoters and Ho	lders of GDRs and	ADRs):		1		ı	
S.	Name of the shareholders				Shareholding a of the	year		Shareholding the year
No.						% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
1	<b>Explicit Finance Limited</b>							
	At the beginning of the year				800,000	4.71%	800,000	4.71%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share	eholding during t	he year					
	At the end of the year				800,000	4.71%	800,000	4.71%
2	Gaurav Bolia							
	At the beginning of the year				250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share At the end of the year	eholding during t	he year		250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%
_					250,000	1.4/%	250,000	1.4/%
3	At the beginning of the year				250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share	eholding during t	he year		230,000	1.7//0	230,000	1.7//0
	At the end of the year		•		250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%

		Shareholding at	the beginning of	Cumulative Shar	eholding duri
S.No.	Name of the shareholders	_	the year		
3.INU.	Name of the Shareholders	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
4	Kapil Kamal Jain				
	At the beginning of the year	250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year				
	At the end of the year	250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%
5	Sanjay Raja Sureshchand Jain (Huf)				
	At the beginning of the year	250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year				
	At the end of the year	250,000	1.47%	250,000	1.47%
6	Dhannalal Premchand Jain				
	At the beginning of the year	239,320	1.41%	239,320	1.41%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year	,			
	At the end of the year	239,320	1.41%	239,320	1.41%
7	Mohan Sunderdas Vaishnav	<u> </u>			
•	At the beginning of the year	150,000	0.88%	150,000	0.88%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year			,	
	At the end of the year	150,000	0.88%	150,000	0.88%
8	Surekha Ghanshyam Mittal				
Ü	At the beginning of the year	150,000	0.88%	150,000	0.88%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year	130,000	0.0070	150,000	0.0070
	23.08.2019 (Sale)	1,000	0.01%	1,000	0.01%
	At the end of the year	149,000	0.88%	149,000	0.88%
9	Manjudevi Jain				
	At the beginning of the year	100,000	0.59%	100,000	0.59%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year			,	
	03.01.2020 (Purchase)	10	0.00%	100,010	0.59%
	At the end of the year	100,010	0.01%	100,010	0.59%
10	Ramesh kumar Jain				
10	At the beginning of the year			_	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year				
	27.12.2019 (Purchase)	100,000	0.59%	100,000	0.59%
	At the end of the year	100,000	0.59%	100,000	0.59%
11	Bhavini Garg				
••	At the beginning of the year	400,000	2.35%	400,000	2.35%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year	100,000	2.5570	100,000	2.0070
	05.07.2019 (Sale)	(34,550)	-0.20%	365,450	2.15%
	12.07.2019(Sale)	(45,450)	-0.27%	320,000	1.88%
	23.08.2019 (Sale)	(160,000)	-0.94%	160,000	0.94%
	30.08.2019 (Sale)	(160,000)	-0.94%	-	
	At the end of the year	-	_	-	
12	Divya Garg				
	At the beginning of the year	400,000	2.35%	400,000	2.35%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year	,		/	
	23.08.2019 (Sale)	(130,000)	-0.76%	270,000	1.59%
	30.08.2019 (Sale)	(70,000)	-0.41%	200,000	1.18%
	21.02.2020 (Sale)	(200,000)	-1.18%		
	At the end of the year		-	_	

S.No.	Name of the sharehold	Shareholding at the y	0 0	Cumulative Sha	reholding during year	
			No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total
	Directors			Shares		Silares
1	Anurag Gupta					
	At the beginning of the year		1,563,665	9.20%	1,563,665	9.20%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding de	uring the year	, ,			
	19th August, 2019 (Purchase)	46,476	0.27%	1,610,141	9.47%	
	21st August, 2019 (Purchase)		130,000	0.76%	1,740,141	10.24%
	22nd August, 2019 (Purchase)		161,200	0.95%	1,901,341	11.18%
	26th August, 2019 (Purchase)		150,000	0.88%	2,051,341	12.07%
	27th August, 2019 (Purchase)		80,750	0.48%	2,132,091	12.54%
	30th October, 2019 (Purchase)		79,954	0.47%	2,212,045	13.01%
	31st October, 2019 (Purchase)		23,806	0.14%	2,235,851	13.15%
	18th February, 2020 (Purchase)		75,000	0.44%	2,310,851	13.59%
	19th February, 2020(Purchase)		80,000	0.47%	2,390,851	14.06%
	At the end of the year		2,390,851	14.06%	2,390,851	14.06%
2	Navrati Gupta					
	At the beginning of the year		600,000	3.53%	600,000	3.53%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding duri					
	At the end of the year		600,000	3.53%	600,000	3.53%
3	Satish Gupta					
	At the beginning of the year	1,000	0.01%	1,000	0.01%	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding dur					
	At the end of the year		1,000	0.01%	1,000	0.01%
4	Sandeep Mangal					
	At the beginning of the year		100	0.00%	100	0.00%
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding dur	ing the year				
	At the end of the year	100	0.00%	100	0.00%	
	Key Managerial Personnel		Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
V. IND	EBTEDNESS					
Indebted	lness of the Company including interest outstanding/ac	crued but not due for payment.			(Amt. Rs./Lacs	s)
	Particulars	Secured Loans excluding	Unsecured	Dep	osits	Total
		deposits	Loans			Indebtedness
Indebte	dness at the beginning of the financial year					T
i) Princ	ipal Amount	Nil	Nil	N	Til .	Nil
ii) Inter	est due but not paid	Nil	Nil	N	Til	Nil
iii) Inte	rest accrued but not due	Nil	Nil	N	Til	Nil
Total (i	+ii+iii)	-	-	-		-
Change	in Indebtedness during the financial year					
* Additi	on	Nil	Nil	N	Ti1	Nil
* Reduc	tion	Nil	Nil	N	Iil	Nil
Net Cha	nge	-	-	-		-
Indebte	dness at the end of the financial year		<u>'</u>			
i) Princi	pal Amount	Nil	Nil	N	lil	Nil
i) Intere	est due but not paid	Nil	Nil	N	Iil	Nil
			1			
iii) Inter	est accrued but not due	Nil	Nil	N	lil	Nil

/I. REMU	INERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGE	GERIAL PERSONNEL					
	eration to Managing Director, Whole-time Director						
	f the Managing Director:- Mr. Anurag Gupta						
SN.	Particulars of Remuneration					Total Am	ount (Rs.)
1	Gross salary						
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(	1) of the Income-tax Act, 196	1				770,000
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1						_
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Incor						_
2	Stock Option	·					_
3	Sweat Equity						
4	Commission						
-	- as % of profit						
	- others, specify						
5	Others, please specify						-
	Total (A)						770.000
	Ceiling as per the Act						770,000 84 lacs
Dom	eration to other Directors						0 7 1403
SN.	Particulars of Remuneration		Nor	ne of Directors			Total
511.	1 articulars of Remuneration		Mai	ne of Directors			Amount
1	Independent Directors						
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	-		-		_	
	Commission	-		-		_	
	Others, please specify	_		_		_	
	Total (1)	_		_		_	
2	Other Non-Executive Directors						
_	Fee for attending board committee meetings	_		-			
	Commission	_		-			
	Others, please specify	_		-		-	
	Total (2)	_		-		-	
	Total (B)=(1+2)	_		_		_	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration						770.000
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act						770,000 84 lac
		D. O. I. W.					07140
. Remun	eration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MI	D/Manager/WTD					
SN.				Key Me	ınagerial Per	connal	Total
5111				1	inageriai r ei	Sommar	Amount
	Particulars of Remuneration			Chief Finance	Company	Secretary	(Rs.)
				Officer	Company	secretary	
1	Gross salary						
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(	1) of the Income-tax Act.		662,502		192,316	854,818
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1	*		-		-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Incom			_		-	
2	Stock Option		_		-		
3	Sweat Equity			_		-	
4	Commission						
•	- as % of profit			_		_	_
	- others, specify			_		-	-
5	Others, please specify			-		-	
3	others, preuse specify	Total		662,502		192,316	854,818

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:						
Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give details)	
A. COMPANY						
Penalty	204	3 days Delay Penalty				
Punishment						
Compounding						
B. DIRECTORS						
Penalty						
Punishment						
Compounding						
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT						
Penalty						
Punishment						
Compounding						

#### Annexure-III

#### Secretarial Audit Report

(For the Financial year ended March 31, 2020)

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

Yash Management & Satellite Limited 303, Morya Landmark – I, Opp Infiniti Mall, Off New Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumbai- 400 053

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Yash Management & Satellite Limited (hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering financial year ended on March 31, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- I. We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Yash Management & Satellite Limited for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 according to the provisions of:
  - i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
  - ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
  - iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
  - iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
  - v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable to the Company:
    - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
    - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015
    - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements)
       Regulations, 2018;
    - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulation, 2014;(Not applicable to the Company during the audit Period)
    - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit Period)
    - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
    - g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit Period) and

h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit Period)

# vi. We further report that:

- a. We have examined compliance of Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, with respect to board and general meetings.
- b. We have also examined compliance with the applicable regulations of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- II. During the period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc mentioned above except Non-Compliance with requirement to appoint a qualified company secretary as compliance officer for 3 days (after cooling period mentioned as per companies act, 2013).

However, the Company had filled the vacancy created by resignation of Mr. Pratik Toprani as a qualified company secretary with effect from April 30, 2019 by appointing Ms. Ayushi Bhargava as a qualified company secretary and compliance officer with effect from 04th November, 2019 and complied with the requirements of the said regulation.

# III. We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

We also report that as regards the provisions of notices of board meeting, sending of agenda papers, holding of board meetings as laid down in the Act, they are sent to the directors by electronic means.

Majority decisions are carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that, we have relied upon statutory audit report as provided by management of the company for compliance under Income Tax and other Indirect Taxation act.

We further report that as per the explanations given to us and the representations made by the Management and relied upon by us, there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, there were no specific events/actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. referred to above.

For Kamlesh Jain & Associates Company Secretary in Practice

# Kamlesh Jain

Proprietor ACS-14068 CP No. – 14577

UDIN: A014068B000615548

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 25, 2020

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report.

#### Annexure-A

To.

The Members,

Yash Management & Satellite Limited 303, Morya Landmark – I, Opp. Infiniti Mall, Off New Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumbai- 400 053

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as applicable to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Account of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Kamlesh Jain & Associates Company Secretary in Practice

# Kamlesh Jain

Proprietor ACS-14068 CP No.-14577

UDIN: A014068B000615548

Place: Mumbai Date: August 25, 2020

## REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Report is in compliance with the principles of Corporate Governance as prescribed by The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

# 1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- Ensure that quantity, quality and frequency of financial and managerial information, which management shares with the Board are fully in control of the Company's affairs.
- Ensure that the Board exercises its fiduciary responsibilities towards Shareholders and Creditors, thereby ensuring high accountability.
- Ensure that the extent to which the information is disclosed to present and potential investors is maximized.
- Ensure that the Board, the employees and all concerned are fully committed to maximizing long-term value to the Shareholders and the Company through ethical business conduct.

# 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS& BOARD MEETINGS

## a. Composition:

Board of Directors ("the Board") facilitates effective fulfillment of the Board's tasks and provides leadership and guidance to the Company's management and helps in supervising the performance of the Company and helps achieving goals. The Board is comprised of experienced professionals drawn from diverse fields.

The composition of the Board complies with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. As on March 31, 2020 the Board comprised of four directors, out of which 1 is an executive director, 1 is a non-executive non-independent director, and 2 are non-executive independent directors.

# b. Board Meetings:

During the Financial Year 2019-2020, 5 (Five) Board Meetings were held on May 15,2019, August 12, 2019, October 24, 2019, November 4, 2019, February 12, 2020.

# c. The composition of the Board, Directorships/Membership of Committee of other Companies as on March 31, 2020, no. of meetings held and attended during the financial year are as under:

Name of director	Designation & Category	Relation with other directors	Number of shares held by the director	Number of Board Meeting attended	Attendance of previous AGM held on September 30, 2019	Director- ship in another Public Ltd. Companies	Director- ship in another listed entities & category
Mr. Anurag Gupta	Managing Director, Executive	Spouse of Navrati Gupta	23,90,851	5	Yes	2	-
Mr. Sandeep Mangal	Non- Executive, Independent Director	-	100	5	Yes	-	-
Mr. Satish Gupta	Non- Executive, Independent Director	-	1000	5	Yes	-	-
Mrs. Navrati Gupta	Non- Executive, Non Independent Director	Spouse of Anurag Gupta	6,00,000	5	Yes	2	-

None of the Directors on Board is Member of Board level committees and Chairman of such committees, across all other public Ltd. companies in which he or she is a director.

\* As required in Regulation 26 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulation 2015, it does not include directorship in foreign companies, companies registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 and private limited companies.

# d. Particulars of Directors seeking appointment and re-appointment:

As required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, particulars of Director(s) seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (AGM) are given in the Annexure to the Notice convening the said AGM.

#### e. Code of Conduct:

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Board Members and Senior Management and has posted the Code on the website of the Company in terms of Regulation 17 (5) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations). The Managing Director has affirmed the compliance of the Code of Conduct by the Board Members and Senior Management for the year under review. A declaration to this effect signed by the Managing Director, Mr. Anurag Gupta forms part of this report.

# f. Board Independence:

Based on the confirmation/disclosures received from the Directors, 2 Non-Executive Directors are independent in terms of Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations.

There are no material pecuniary relationships or transactions between the Independent Directors and the Company. Company does not pay any compensation and sitting fees to Non-Executive Directors.

# g. Directors' Induction & Familiarisation:

The Independent Directors are familiarized, with the Company, their duties, roles and responsibilities, the nature of the industry, the business model of the Company, in line with the "Familiarization programme of Independent Directors", the details of which can be viewed at company's website and the web link for the same is :http://www.yashmanagement.in/yashman/pdf/policies/Familiarisation%20Programme%20for%20ID.pdf

#### h. Board Evaluation:

During the financial year under review, the Board of Directors/Independent Directors/Nomination and Remuneration Committee (as applicable) has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, performance of all individual Directors including Independent Directors, the performance of its Committees and the evaluation of Chairman of the Board, in terms of provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25(3) and (4) of the Listing Regulations.

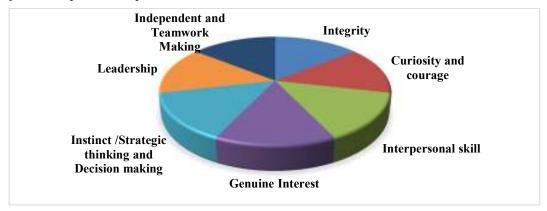
Separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Board Chairman who were evaluated on parameters such as attendance, contribution at the meetings and otherwise, independent judgment, safeguarding of minority shareholders interest etc.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board, excluding the Director being evaluated. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors who also reviewed the performance of the Board as a whole.

# i. Board Confirmation on Independent director:

In the opinion of the board, the independent directors fulfill the condition specified in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and are independent of the management.

# j. Skill/Expertise/Competence of the Board of Directors:



## 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee comprised of

Mr. Sandeep Mangal
 Chairman & Non-Executive, Independent Director
 Mr. Satish Gupta
 Mrs. Navrati Gupta
 Member & Non-Executive, Independent Director
 Member & Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director

The Audit Committee comprises of experts specializing in accounting / financial management. All the members of the Audit Committee are 'financially literate'. Moreover, the Audit Committee has members, who have 'accounting or related financial management expertise'.

Ms. Ayushi Bhargava, Company Secretary acts as the secretary of the Committee since November 4, 2019. Ms. Hema Bose acts as interim Compliance Officer before the appointment of Ms. Ayushi Bhargava.

Statutory Auditors are also invited to attend the meetings.

# a. Meetings & Attendance

The Audit Committee has four (4) meetings during the Financial Year 2019-20 and were held on May 15, 2019, August 12, 2019, October 24, 2019, February 12, 2020.

All the members have attended all the meetings.

# b. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in line with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations.

# The terms of reference of audit committee are briefly described as follows:

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee were enlarged by the Board in order to cover the matters specified under revised Regulation 18 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. This Committee has powers and roles comprising of Financial Reporting and disclosure, recommendation of appointment/removal of Auditors, reviewing of company's results, evaluation of Independent Directors performances, and other powers as mentioned in the Regulation 18(3) Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and section 177 of The Companies Act, 2013.

# 4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (NRC)

Remuneration Committee comprised of

Mr. Sandeep Mangal
 Chairman & Non-Executive, Independent Director
 Mr. Satish Gupta
 Mrs. Navrati Gupta
 Member & Non-Executive, Independent Director
 Member & Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting was held on November 4, 2019 which was attended by all the members.

# a. The terms of reference and role of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee as per the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations) are as under:

Nomination and Remuneration Committee formulates criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees, formulating criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors, identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal, and such other roles as per section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, Regulation 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

# b. Remuneration of Executive Directors:

The total remuneration payable to the Managing Directors/Executive Director for the financial year 2019-2020 is as under

Name	Mr. Anurag Gupta		
Designation	Managing Director		
All elements of remuneration package inclusive of Salary, perquisites, commission etc.	Rs. 7,70,000/- (Rupees Seven Lakh Seventy Thousand only)		
Service Contract, Notice Period	The contract is for a period of 5 years and the no of termination is three months on either side.		

The Company currently does not pay any compensation and sitting fees to Non-Executive Directors. The Company currently has no stock option plans for any of its Directors and hence it does not form part of the remuneration package payable to the Managing Director. During the year under review, none of the Directors was paid any performance linked incentive. No Severance fees is payable to him on termination of employment.

There is no pecuniary relationship or transactions of the Non-Executive Directors vis-a-vis the Company and as per the present criteria.

## c. Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors

One of the key functions of the Board is to monitor and review the Board evaluation framework. The Board works with the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to lay down the evaluation criteria for the performance evaluation of Executive/Non-Executive/Independent Directors. The questionnaire of the survey is a key part of the process of reviewing the functioning and effectiveness of the Board and for identifying possible paths for improvement.

The following are the criteria on the basis of which the Directors are evaluated:

- 1) Knowledge to perform the role.
- 2) Time and Level of Participation.
- 3) Performance of Duties and Level of Oversight.
- 4) Professional Conduct and Independence.

# d. Appointment and Remuneration Policy

The Committee has adopted a Charter which, inter alia, deals with the manner of selection of the board of Directors, CEO & Managing Director, Key Managerial Personnel and their remuneration. This Policy is accordingly derived from the said Charter.

This Committee has powers to recommend/ approve remuneration, Identification of Persons who are qualified to become director, Recommend to the board their appointment and removal, approve remuneration of Non-Executive Directors.

#### • Criteria of selection of Non-Executive Directors

The Non-Executive Directors shall be of high integrity with relevant expertise and experience so as to have a diverse Board with Directors having expertise in the fields of marketing, finance, taxation, law, governance and general management.

In case of appointment of Independent Directors, the Committee shall satisfy itself with regard to the independent nature of the Directors vis-à-vis the Company so as to enable the Board to discharge its function and duties effectively

The Committee shall ensure that the candidate identified for appointment as a Director is not disqualified for appointment under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Committee shall consider the following attributes / criteria, whilst recommending to the Board the candidature for appointment as Director.

- i. Qualification, expertise and experience of the Directors in their respective fields;
- ii. Personal, Professional or business standing;
- iii. Diversity of the Board

In case of re-appointment of Non-Executive Directors, the Board shall take into consideration the performance evaluation of the Director and his engagement level.

## • CEO & Managing Director - Criteria for selection / appointment

For the purpose of selection of the CEO & MD, the Committee shall identify persons of integrity who possess relevant expertise, experience and leadership qualities required for the position and shall take into consideration recommendation, if any, received from any member of the Board.

The Committee will also ensure that the incumbent fulfills such other criteria with regard to age and other qualifications as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 or other applicable laws.

# • Remuneration for the CEO & Managing Director

At the time of appointment or re-appointment, the CEO & Managing Director shall be paid such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Company (which includes the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors) and the CEO & Managing Director within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The remuneration shall be subject to the approval of the Members of the Company in General Meeting.

The remuneration of the CEO & Managing Director comprises only of fixed component. The fixed component comprises salary, allowances and perquisites.

# • Remuneration Policy for the Senior Management Employees

In determining the remuneration of the Senior Management Employees (i.e. KMPs and Executive Committee Members) the Committee shall ensure the relationship of remuneration and performance benchmark is clear.

The Managing Director will carry out the individual performance review based on the criticality of roles played and responsibility shouldered, overall experience and personal traits, annual increments are determined based on individual performance

# 5. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

In compliance with the provisions of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee and the terms of reference of said Committee are as follows:

To look into the redressal of complaints of security-holders on matters relating to transfer of shares, dematerialization of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of dividend, matters relating to issue of new share certificates etc.

To look into matters that can facilitate better security-holders services and relations.

To consider and approve issue of share certificates on requests for duplicate certificates, consolidation of folios etc.

To do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary or expedient for performing any of the above acts.

The details of composition of the Committee are as under:

Name of the Director	Category	No. of Meeting/ Attended
Mrs. Navrati Gupta	Chairman of Committee & Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	1/1
Mr. Sandeep Mangal	Member & Non-Executive, Independent Director	1/1
Mr. Anurag Gupta	Member &Executive, Non-Independent Director	1/1

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee has One (1) meeting during the Financial Year 2019-20 and were held on May 15, 2019

Ms. Ayushi Bhargava, Company Secretary, acts as the Secretary of the Committee since November 4, 2019. Ms. Hema Bose acts as the interim Compliance Officer for the meeting of May 15, 2019.

There were no investors complaints received during the period. There were no requests for share transfer/transmission/deletions of name etc. pending as on March 31, 2020 and all such requests were processed and delivered within prescribed time of lodgment with the Company.

Ms. Ayushi Bhargava, Company Secretary has been designated as the Compliance Officer of the Company as per the requirement of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

## 6. SEPARATE MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

During the financial year under review, in Compliance with the requirements of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25(3) and 25(4) of the Listing Regulations, a separate meeting of Independent Directors was held, on February 12, 2020. *inter alia* to:

- 1. Review the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
- 2. Review the performance of the Chairperson of the Company taking into account the views of the Executive Director and the Non-Executive Director;
- 3. Assess the quality, quantity and functions of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

#### 7. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Financial Year	Day & Date of the Meeting	No. of Special Resolution(s) passed	Special Resolutions passed
2016-17	Friday June 23, 2017 at 10.00 A.M. at Banquet Hall, Basement, The Country Club, Prathmesh Complex, Veera Desai Extn. Andheri West, Mumbai-400 053	2	Following Special Resolution was passed.  1. To make loan and investment by the company as per section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013  2. Issue of equity shares on preferential basis
2017-18	Friday September 28, 2018 at 11.30 A.M. at Shabari 'SAI-DWAR' Near Laxmi Industrial Estate, Oberoi Complex Road, SAB TV Lane, Andheri (West), Mumbai-400 053	-	No special resolutions passed.

2018-19	Monday, September 30,		Following Special Resolution was passed.
2010-17	2019, at 10.30 A.M. at	2	1. Re-appointment of Mr. Sandeep Mangal
	Shabari 'SAI-DWAR', Near		as Independent Non- Executive director
	Laxmi Industrial Estate,		of the company.
	Oberoi Complex Road, SAB		2. Re-appointment of Mr. Satish Gupta as
	TV Lane, Andheri (West),		Independent Non- Executive director of
	Mumbai - 400 053,		the company

During the financial year under review, no special resolution was passed through Postal Ballot.

## 8. MEANS OF COMMUNICATIONS

The Company has promptly reported all material information including Quarterly Results and press releases to the BSE Ltd. where the Company's securities are listed. The quarterly results were communicated to the shareholders by way of advertisement in a national daily and in a vernacular language newspaper. Also same are posted on our website: <a href="www.yashmanagement.in">www.yashmanagement.in</a>. Further, all other price sensitive and other information is sent to the Stock Exchange where shares of the Company are listed, enabling them to display the same on their website.

The Company has made no presentation to any Institutional Investors/Analysts during the financial year.

Management Discussion and Analysis is covered as part of this Annual Report.

Further, Company has in place the (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 which came in to force from May 15, 2015. Accordingly the Directors have approved and adopted the 'Code of internal procedures and conduct for regulating, monitoring and reporting of trading by insiders' in terms of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015("Code"). Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for the purpose of this Code.

## 9. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

# a. Annual General Meeting

Day, Date and Time	Wednesday September 30, 2020 at 11.00 A.M.
Venue	The Company is conducting meeting through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circular dated May 5, 2020 and as such there is no requirement to have a venue for the AGM. For details please refer to the Notice of this AGM.

# b. Financial Year:

The Company follows April- March as its financial year. The results for every quarter are declared within prescribed time as per the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

# c. Book Closure:

The dates of book closure are from Wednesday September 23, 2020 to Wednesday September 30,2020.

#### d. Dividend:

The company has not declared any dividend for the year ended March 31, 2020.

# e. Listing on Stock Exchange:

The Company's shares are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE), Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001.

The company has paid the listing fees for the financial year 2019-20 to the Stock Exchange on which Company's shares are listed.

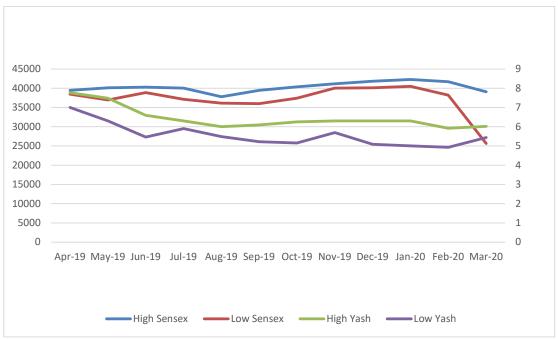
# f. Stock Code:

BSE Security Code	511601
ISIN in (NSDL and CDSL)	INE216B01012
Corporate Identity Number (CIN)	L65920MH1993PLC073309

## g. Market Price Data:

Month	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)
April, 2019	7.77	7.00
May, 2019	7.48	6.30
June, 2019	6.60	5.46
July, 2019	6.30	5.90
August, 2019	6.00	5.49
September, 2019	6.10	5.22
October, 2019	6.25	5.15
November, 2019	6.30	5.70
December, 2019	6.30	5.09
January, 2020	6.30	5.00
February, 2020	5.92	4.93
March, 2020	6.02	5.44

# STOCK PERFORMANCE OF YASH MANAGEMENT AND SATELLITE LIMITED VS. BSE INDEX (SENSEX) $\,$



# h. Registrars and Transfer Agents:

Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited is the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company.

# i. Share Transfer System:

The application for Transfer, Transmission and issue of duplicate shares are received at the office of Registrar and Share Transfer Agent. If the Transfers & Transmission documents are in order, the Transfers & Transmission of shares in physical form is processed with prescribed time from the date of receipt of documents complete in all respect.

# j. Distribution of Share Holding as on March 31, 2020

Distribution range of	Shareho	lders	Share Ho	ldings
Shares	Number	%	No. of Shares	%
Upto-100	2,651	47.63	2,34,654	1.38
101-500	1,795	32.25	5,57,726	3.28
501-1,000	507	9.11	4,39,822	2.59
1,001-2000	277	4.98	4,41,159	2.60
2,001-3,000	94	1.69	2,43,666	1.43
3,001-4,000	41	0.74	1,47,969	0.87
4,001-5,000	45	0.81	2,14,083	1.26
5,001-10,000	73	1.31	525,402	3.09
10,001-20,000	39	0.70	5,74,065	3.38
20,001-50,000	23	0.41	7,27,560	4.28
50,001 & Above	21	0.38	1,28,93,894	75.85
Total	5,566	100	1,70,00,000	100

# k. Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2020

Sr. No.	Categories	No. of shares	% of Shareholding
1	Promoter and promoter group	1,00,95,759	59.39
2	Private Corporate Bodies	1,0,78,262	6.34
3	Resident Individual	57,79,809	34
4	NRI/OCBs	45,769	0.27
5	Mutual Fund/Bank/FII	100	0.00
6	Clearing member	1	0.00
7	Corporate Body –Broker	300	0.00
	Total	1,70,00,000	100.00

# 1) Dematerialization of Shares:

Your Company's Shares are traded compulsorily in electronic form and company has established connectivity with both the depositories. i.e. National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Service (India) Limited (CDSL).

As on March 31, 2020, 98.05% of shares have been held in dematerialized form and rest are in physical form.

All promoter shareholding are in dematerialized form (100%)

# m) Outstanding GDR's/ADRs/Warrants/Convertible Instruments and their impact on Equity

The Company has not issued any GDR's /ADRs / Convertible Instruments.

# n) Address for correspondence

Shareholders, beneficial owners and depository participants (DPs) are requested to send /deliver the documents/Correspondence relating to the Company's share transfer activity etc. to Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited as our new Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company at the following addresses:

# **Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited.**

# Unit: Yash Management & Satellite Ltd.

17-20, Jaferbhoy Industrial Estate, 1st Floor, Makwana Road, Marol Naka, Andheri (East), Mumbai-400059

Tel No.: 42270400

Email: info@adroitcorporate.com

For the benefit of shareholders, documents will continue to be accepted at the following registered office of the Company:

# Yash Management & Satellite Ltd.

Office no. 303, Morya Landmark –I, Opp. Infiniti Mall, Off New Link Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai- 400 053

Tel No.: 67425443

Email ID for investors Grievances: investors@yashmanagement.in

# 10. OTHER DISCLOSURES

# a. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The transactions with related parties as per Ind AS - 24 are set out in Notes to accounts under Note no. 32 forming part of financial statements. All transactions entered into with Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length pricing basis. There were no materially significant transactions with related parties during the financial year which were in conflict with the interest of the Company.

The Company has framed Related Party Transaction Policy and is placed on the Company's website and the web link for the same is:

http://www.yashmanagement.in/yashman/pdf/policies/RELATED%20PARTY%20TRANSACTION%20POLICY.pdf

# b. DETAILS OF NON-COMPLIANCE(S) BY THE COMPANY

During the year 2019-20, the stock exchange levied penalty of Rs. 3000/- for delay in 3 days of appointing a company secretary.

Except above the Company has complied with the requirements of the Stock Exchange/SEBI and/or Statutory Authority on all matters related to capital markets during last three years. There are no penalties imposed on the company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any authorities relating to the above.

# c. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has formulated Whistle Blower Policy for vigil mechanism as defined under Regulation 22 of SEBI Listing Regulations for directors and employees to report unethical behavior, fraud or violation of the code of conduct of the Company. The policy provides adequate safeguards against victimization of director(s) /employee(s) who avail the mechanism. During the year under review, no employee was denied access to the Audit Committee. During the year under review, there were no instances of whistle blower reported.

# d. COMPLIANCE

The Company has complied with the mandatory requirements in terms of the Corporate Governance guidelines. Adoption of discretionary requirement of SEBI Listing Regulations is being reviewed by the company from time to time.

# e. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Company does not have any material non-listed Indian subsidiary company in terms of Regulation 16 of the Listing Regulations.

#### f. COMMODITY PRICE RISK/FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK AND HEDGING

The Company did not engage in hedging activities.

# g. CERTIFICATE UNDER REGULATION 34(3) OF SEBI LISTING REGULATION

Company has obtain a certificate pursuant to the Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations M/s Kamlesh Jain & Associates, Practicing company secretaries confirming that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by Securities and Exchange Board of India or the Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any other statutory authorities. The said certificate forms part of this report.

# h. FEES PAID TO STATUTORY AUDITORS

The total fees (excluding GST) incurred by the company for services rendered by Statutory Auditors and its affiliates entities is given below.

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	F.Y. 2019-20
Audit Fees	55,000/-
Tax Audit	30,000/-
Total	85,000/-

# i. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The company has in place an Anti-Harassment policy in line with the requirements of the sexual harassment of women at the workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. During the year under review, company has not received any Sexual Harassment Complaints.

j. There is no Non-Compliance of any requirement of Corporate Governance Report as per Part C of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

# 11. REVIEW OF LEGAL COMPLIANCE REPORTS

During the year, the Board periodically reviewed compliance report with respect to the various laws applicable to the company, as prepared and placed before it by the management.

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Anurag Gupta** 

Managing Director

Mumbai, dated August 25, 2020 DIN: 00398458

#### MD CFO CERTIFICATION

The Board of Directors Yash Management & Satellite Limited

Dear Sirs,

We, Anurag Gupta, Managing Director and Hema Bose CFO, hereby certify in terms of Regulation 17 (8) read with Part B of Schedule II of (LODR), 2015:

- 1. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - a) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - b) these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- 3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- 4. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee that there is no:
  - a) Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
  - b) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - c) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Anurag Gupta Managing Director DIN: 00398458 Hema Bose CFO

Mumbai dated August 25, 2020

# CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT POLICY

As required under Schedule V (D) of the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, all the Members of the Board of Directors and the Senior Management Personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

Anurag Gupta Managing Director DIN: 00398458

Mumbai dated August 25, 2020

# AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To The Members, Yash Management & Satellite Ltd.

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Yash Management & Satellite Limited for the year ended March 31, 2020 stipulated in Chapter IV of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the said company with the stock exchanges.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementations thereof, adopted by the company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said Clause. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has fully complied with all the mandatory conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Chapter IV of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the said company with stock exchanges.

For M/s Jain & Trivedi Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 113496W

Satish C. Trivedi

Partner M. No. 038317

UDIN:- 20038317AAAAAW1133

Mumbai, dated August 25, 2020

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# To the Members of

Yash Management & Satellite Limited. Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the Standalone financial statements of **Yash Management & Satellite Limited** (the 'Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the Statement of Profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the company (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and its loss, total comprehensive income, the changes in Equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SAs') specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on financial statement.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

# Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other
  information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's
  Report including Annexure to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and
  Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report
  thereon
- Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form
  of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair

view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in Equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and Other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making Judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and Completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from materials misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management and the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 (the Order) issued by the Central Government in terms of Sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we enclosed in the Annexure A statement on matters specified in paragraph 3 & 4 of the said order.

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (1) of Sub-section 3 of section 143 of the companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") is enclosed as an Annexure B to this report.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI Chartered Accountants FRN 113496W

Satish Trivedi Partner M. No.: 038317

UDIN: 20038317AAAAAN1855

Mumbai, dated June 1, 2020

#### ANNEXURE 1

# TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF YASH MANAGEMENT & SATELLITE LIMITED

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditors' report to the members of YASH MANAGEMENT & SATELLITE LIMITED ('the Company') on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 we report the following:

- 1. In respect of its fixed assets:
  - a. The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - b. The Company has a regular program of physical verification of fixed assets which is, in our opinion, reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
  - c. Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to information and explanations given by the management, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- 2. The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. There were no material discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventories as compared to the book records.
- 3. As explained to us, the company had not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act and hence provisions of Clause 3(iii) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- 5. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder to the extent notified. In respect of unclaimed deposits the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 74 and 75 or any other relevant provisions of the Act.
- 6. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of the Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 has not been prescribed by the government.

7.

- a. According to the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, Goods and Service tax or cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, Goods and Services tax or cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, as at March 31, 2020, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b. According to the records of the Company and information and explanations given to us no dues of income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax or cess that have not been deposited on account of any disputes.
- 8. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to banks.
- 9. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans and hence provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.

- 10. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management.
- 11. The Company has paid/provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provision of the Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.
- 12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company and hence provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence provisions of Clause 3(xiv) of the aforesaid Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- 16. The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 113496W

Satish C. Trivedi Partner M. No.038317

**UDIN: 20038317AAAAAN1855**Mumbai, dated June 1, 2020

#### **ANNEXURE 2**

# TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF YASH MANAGEMENT & SATELLITE LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Yash Management & Satellite Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- 1. Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- 3. provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

# For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 113496W

**Satish C. Trivedi** Partner M. No.038317

Mumbai, dated June 1, 2020

UDIN: 20038317AAAAAN1855

# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2020**

(All amounts are in Rs. "000")

	Note	Note As at As		
Particulars	No.	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
ASSETS		,	,	
(1) Non - Current Assets				
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	6,265.12	7,224.69	
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3	36,509.56	36,509.56	
(c) Investment Property	4	13,292.83	13,292.83	
(d) Financial Assets	'	10,2,2.03	15,2,2105	
(i) Investments	5a	48,448.89	57,485.94	
(ii) Bank Balance	5b	40,263.70	75,930.49	
(e) Deferred tax assets (Net)	6	1,671.58	1,671.58	
(e) Other Non Current assets	7	396.00	396.00	
Total Non- Current Assets	'	146,847.68	192,511.09	
(2) Current Assets			-,-,,-	
(a) Inventories	8	748.11	786.38	
(b) Financial Assets		, 10111	700.50	
(i) Trade receivables	9	2,278.37	6,571.66	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	2,250.50	20,263.51	
(iii) Bank balances other than(ii) above	5b	41,671.40	5,603.42	
(c) Current tax assets (Net)	11	1,545.70	861.69	
(d) Other Current Assets	12	1,600.09	1,143.60	
Total Current Assets	1	50,094.17	35,230.26	
Total Assets (1+2)		196,941.85	227,741.35	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			,	
(1) Equity				
(a) Equity share Capital	13	170,000.00	170,000.00	
(b) Other Equity	14	23,948.46	53,997.30	
Total Equity		193,948.46	223,997.30	
(2) Liabilities		ŕ	·	
Non- Current Liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	15	1,746.49	2,700.36	
Total Non- Current Liabilities		1,746.49	2,700.36	
Current liabilities		ŕ	·	
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings		_	_	
(ii) Trade payables		_	_	
(iii) Other financial liabilities	16	953.87	879.69	
(b) Other current liabilities	17	293.03	164.00	
(c) Provisions (Net of Advance Tax)		-	-	
Total Current Liabilities		1,246.90	1,043.69	
Total Liabilities		2,993.39	3,744.05	
Total Equity and Liabilities (1+2)		196,941.85	227,741.35	
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1	,	,	
	1			

As per our report of even date For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI

Chartered Accountants FRN: 113496W

For & on behalf of the Board

Satish C. Trivedi Partner M. No. 038317 Anurag Gupta Sandeep Mangal
Managing Director Independent Director
DIN: 00398458 DIN: 02148088

Place : Mumbai Date : June 1, 2020 Hema BoseAyushi BhargavaCFOCompany Secretary

ACS: 60056

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(All amounts are in Rs. "000")

Particulars		Note	For the year ended	For the year ended
	i ai ucuiai s	No.	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	INCOME			
I	Revenue from Operations	18	675.00	3,763.68
II	Other Income	19	7,290.30	9,248.39
Ш	Total Income (I+II)		7,965.30	13,012.07
IV	EXPENSES			
	Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	20	-	(743.36)
	$Changes\ in\ Inventories\ of\ finished\ goods\ work-in-progress\ and\ stock-in-trade$	21	38.27	3,088.58
	Employee Benefits Expenses	22	3,010.82	3,054.86
	Finance Costs	23	977.96	915.96
	Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	2	1,133.03	1,158.27
	Other Expenses	24	5,133.48	4,275.20
	Total Expenses (IV)		10,293.56	11,749.51
$\mathbf{V}$	Profit / (loss) Before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		(2,328.26)	1,262.56
VI	Exceptional items	25	-	116.93
VII	Profit / (loss) Before Tax (III-IV)		(2,328.26)	1,379.49
VIII	Tax Expense:			
	- Cureent Year tax		-	168.85
	- Previous Year tax		37.46	-
	- Deferred tax- MAT		•	(168.85)
IX	Profit / (loss) after Tax (V-VI)		(2,365.72)	1,379.49
X	Other comprehensive income		(27,683.12)	8,073.53
XI	Total comprehensive income for the year		(30,048.84)	9,453.02
XII	Earnings Per Equity Share			
	Basic & diluted		(1.77)	0.56
	mary of Significant Accounting Policies	1		
The a	accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements			

As per our report of even date For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 113496W

For & on behalf of the Board

Satish C. Trivedi **Anurag Gupta** Sandeep Mangal Managing Director Independent Director Partner M. No. 038317 DIN:00398458 DIN:02148088

Ayushi Bhargava Hema Bose Place : Mumbai CFO Company Secretary

Date : June 1, 2020 ACS: 60056

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(All amounts are in Rs. "000")

		l amounts are in Rs. "000")
Particulars	As at	As at
A C 1 C 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
A Cash flow from operating activities:	(2.229.26)	1 270 40
Net Profit/(Loss) before tax	(2,328.26)	1,379.49
Adjustments to Reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:		
Depreciation	1,133.03	1,158.27
Loss on sale of fixed assets	10.39	-
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Investment	1,912.95	109.21
Dividend	(493.55)	(219.99)
Finance Cost	977.96	915.96
Exceptional items		(116.93)
Interest Income	(6,336.06)	(8,543.40)
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	(5,123.54)	(5,317.39)
Movement in working capital:		
Decrease / (Increase) in Trade receivable	4,293.29	8,978.16
Decrease / (Increase) in Inventories	38.27	3,088.58
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Current Assets	(1,179.56)	221.50
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	-	(2,562.40)
Increase / (Decrease) in other liabilities	203.21	77.99
Cash generated from operations	(1,768.33)	4,486.44
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	1.60	(286.54)
Net cash flow from / used in operating activities (A)	(1,766.73)	4,199.90
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Redemption / (Investment ) in current investments	(20,559.02)	(26,675.85)
Purchases of Property & CWIP	(20,339.02)	(2,551.33)
Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment	(193.85)	(32.97)
Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	10.00	(32.97)
Investment in bank deposits (having maturity of more than three months)	(401.19)	37,082.77
Interest received	6,336.06	8,543.40
Dividend Received	493.55	219.99
Net cash used in investing activities (B)		
	(14,314.45)	16,586.01
C Cash flow from financing activities:		
Interest paid	(977.96)	(915.96)
Movement in Borrowings	(953.87)	(8,830.35)
Net cash from financing activities (C)	(1,931.83)	(9,746.31)
Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(18,013.01)	11,039.60
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	20,263.51	9,223.91
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,250.50	20,263.51
	As at	As at
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents	March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
	Water 51, 2020	March 31, 2017
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<b>500</b> ==	/ I =
i) Cash in Hand	503.72	645.26
ii) Balances with scheduled banks		
- Current Accounts	1,270.25	84.01
- Overdraft Accounts	476.53	14,099.24
- Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	-	5,435.00
Total cash and cash equivalents (Note 10)	2,250.50	20,263.51
1	, , , , , , ,	.,

As per our report of even date

For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI

Chartered Accountants FRN: 113496W

For & on behalf of Board

Satish C. Trivedi	Anurag Gupta	Sandeep Mangal
Partner	Director	Independent Director
M. No. 038317	DIN:00398458	DIN:02148088

Hema Bose Ayushi Bhargava
Place: Mumbai CFO Company Secretary
Date: June 1, 2020 ACS: 60056

# STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

# A. Equity Share Capital

For the year ended March 31, 2020

Balance as at April 1, 2019	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year *	Balance as at March 31, 2020
170000.00	-	170000.00

# For the year ended March 31, 2019

Balance as at April 1, 2018	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year *	Balance as at March 31, 2019
170000.00	-	170000.00

<sup>\*(</sup>refer note 13)

# **B.** Other Equity

For the year ended March 31, 2019

	Reserve & Surplus			Equity	
Particulars	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained earnings	General Reserve	Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity
Balance as at April 1, 2018	67,500.00	(24,605.09)	601.37	1,048.00	44,544.28
Profit for the year	-	1,379.49	-	-	1,379.49
Other comprehensive income					
Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments	-	-	-	8,073.53	8,073.53
Total Comprehensive income as at March 31, 2019	67,500.00	(23,225.60)	601.37	9,121.53	53,997.30

# For the year ended March 31, 2020

		Reserve & Surplus		Equity	
Particulars	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained earnings	General Reserve	Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity
Balance as at April 1, 2019	67,500.00	(23,225.60)	601.37	9,121.53	53,997.30
Profit for the year	-	(2,365.72)	-	-	(2,365.72)
Other comprehensive income					
Changes in fair value of FVOCI equity instruments	-	-	-	(27,683.12)	(27,683.12)
Total Comprehensive income as at March 31, 2020	67,500.00	(25,591.32)	601.37	(18,561.59)	23,948.46

The accompanying notes forms an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 113496W

For & on behalf of the Board

Satish C. Trivedi Anurag Gupta Sandeep Kumar Mangal Managing Director Independent Director Partner DIN:00398458 DIN:02148088 M. No. 038317

Ayushi Bhargava Hema Bose Place: Mumbai CFO Company Secretary Date: June 1, 2020

ACS: 60056

# Basis of preparation:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as Ind-AS) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies, Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of the accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements.

The Company's financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest Thousand (INR 000), except when otherwise indicated.

# 1. Summary of significant accounting policies:

#### a) Classification of Current and Non-Current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- i. Expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle.
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- i. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

# b) Use of Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

# c) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for customer returns.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

# Sale of services

The Company recognizes revenue on accrual basis when the significant terms of the arrangement are enforceable, services have been delivered and the collectability is reasonably assured. The method of recognizing the revenues and costs depends on the nature of the services rendered. Revenue is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists as to its realization or collection.

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods are recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership are passed to the buyer, which generally coincides with dispatch of goods. However, Goods & Service tax (GST) is not received by the Company on its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

# **Interest & Dividend income**

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition and dividend income is recognised when the Company's right as a shareholder/unit holder to receive payment is established by the reporting date.

# **Rental Income**

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss.

#### d) Inventories

Inventories consist of traded goods and are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business.

# e) Taxes

#### Current income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred taxes. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current Tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year and is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company. The carrying amount of MAT is reviewed at each reporting date and the asset is written down to the extent the Company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

# Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and written off to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or

substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the Statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

# f) Employee Benefits

#### **Short term employee benefits:**

Short term employee benefits includes short term compensated absences which is recognized based on the eligible leave at credit on the Balance Sheet date, and the estimated cost is based on the terms of the employment contract.

Other defined contributions Plan are not applicable to the company since there are no employees eligible for retirement and other employees benefits.

# g) Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations:

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Company's functional currency.

# **Initial recognition**

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at the average rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

# Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

# **Treatment of Exchange Differences**

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

# h) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any.

# i) Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible fixed assets

The Company has elected to adopt the carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment under the Indian GAAP as on March 31, 2016, as the deemed cost for the purpose of transition to IND AS.

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation/amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Capital work-in-progress includes cost of property under construction as at the balance sheet date.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Gains and losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the property, plant and equipment is derecognised.

# j) Depreciation and amortisation:

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method as per the useful lives of the assets estimated by the

management as follows:

Assets	Useful life (in Year)
Building	60
Furniture and fittings	10
Office equipment	5
Computers	3
Air Conditioner ( Plant & Machinery)	10
Editing Equipment	13
Vehicles (Motor cars /Motor Cycle )	8 / 10

# k) Impairment of Non - Financial Assets

As at each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired and also whether there is an indication of reversal of impairment loss recognized in the previous periods. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, if any, the Company determines the recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

# 1) Investment Properties

The Company has elected to adopt the carrying value of Investment property under the Indian GAAP as on 31st March 2016, as the deemed cost for the purpose of transition to IND AS.

Investment property represents property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held by the owner to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost basis measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined on basis of ready reckoner rate notified by Govt. of that states every year.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed off or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit from its disposal.

The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period of derecognition.

# m) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of

the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### n) Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

# o) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. Payments in respect of such liabilities, if any are shown as advances.

#### p) Fair value measurement

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Fair value for measurement and /or disclosure purpose in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for measurements that have some similarities to fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36, if any.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

# q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand including cheques on hand and short-term investments withmaturity date of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# r) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are presented using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flow from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company is segregated based on the available information

# s) Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are disclosed separately in the financial statements where it is necessary to do so to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the Company. These are material items of income or expense that have to be shown separately due to their nature or incidence.

# t) Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### (i) Financial Assets:

# Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

# **Subsequent measurement**

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two broad categories:

- Financial assets at fair value
- · Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i .e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- Business model test: The objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes).
- Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- Business model test: The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Even if an instrument meets the two requirements to be measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, a financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an 'accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All equity investments are measured at fair value in the balance sheet, with value changes recognized through other comprehensive income'.

If an equity investment is not held for trading, an irrevocable election is made at initial recognition to measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either;
- a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability.

The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

# Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model to the following:

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost;
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:
- the 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
- All lease receivables

Under the simplified approach, the Company does not track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-months ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit

risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the Company reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-months ECL.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

# (ii) Financial liabilities:

# Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

# **Subsequent measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

# Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

# Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

# Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or 'expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another or from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Re-classification of financial assets

The company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a re-classification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

# (iii) Off-setting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# (iv) Equity Instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. There are two measurement categories into which the Company classifies its equity instruments:

# Investments in equity instruments at FVTPL:

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for equity instruments which are not held for trading.

# Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI:

On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the reserve for 'equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of the investments.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

# 2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Particulars	Office Premises	Land	Office Equipment	Computers	Motor Car/Scooter	Total
Cost			-			
At April 1, 2018	681.61	105.00	711.38	124.56	7,837.78	9,460.33
Additions	-		-	32.97		32.97
Disposals	-	-	-	-		-
At March 31, 2019	681.61	105.00	711.38	157.53	7,837.78	9,493.30
Additions	-		168.18	25.67		193.85
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(86.63)	(86.63)
At March 31, 2020	681.61	105.00	879.56	183.20	7,751.15	9,600.52
Depreciation						
At April 1, 2018	27.68	-	277.15	24.67	780.84	1,110.34
Charge for the Year	13.84	-	137.86	39.60	966.97	1,158.27
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
At March 31, 2019	41.52	-	415.01	64.27	1,747.81	2,268.61
Charge for the Year	13.84	-	111.48	43.34	964.38	1,133.04
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(66.25)	(66.25)
At March 31, 2020	55.36	-	526.49	107.61	2,645.94	3,335.40
Net Block						
At March 31, 2020	626.25	105.00	353.07	75.59	5,105.21	6,265.12
At March 31, 2019	640.09	105.00	296.37	93.26	6,089.97	7,224.69

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
3	CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS		
	Residential Flats	36,509.56	34,289.86
	Addition during the year	-	2,219.70
		36,509.56	36,509.56
4	INVESTMENT IN PROPERTY		
	Cost	13,292.83	12,961.20
	Addition during the year		331.63
	Closing Balance	13,292.83	13,292.83

For investment property existing as on 1st April 2016, i.e. the date of transition to Ind AS, the company has used Indian GAAP carrying amount as deemed cost.

# Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

As at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, the fair value of the property is Rs. 1,47,59,930/- and Rs.1,47,59,930/- respectively. The valuation is based on fair value assessment. A valuation model in accordance with that recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee has been applied.

# 5 FINANCIAL ASSETS

# 5(a) Non -Current Investment

# Quoted Investment in Equity share at fair value through Other comprehensive income

tomprenensi, t meome		
1,95,000, Equity Share of Bajaj Hindusthan Sugar Ltd of Rs. 1/- each	528.45	2,376.00
fully paid up (March 31, 2019: 3,00,000)		
1,75,233 Equity Share of Capri Global Capital Ltd of Rs. 2/- each	29,991.13	-
fully paid up (March 31, 2019: Nil)		
5,81,296 Equity Share of Fineotex Chemicals Ltd of Rs. 2/- each fully	8,603.18	10,199.24
paid up (March 31, 2019 : 2,48,762)		
27,000 Equity Share of ITC Ltd of Rs. 1/- each fully paid up (March	4,644.00	-
31, 2019 : Nil )		
Nil Equity Share of J.Kumar Infraprojects Ltd of Rs. 5/- each fully	-	27,947.50
paid up (March 31, 2019: 1,75,000)		
71,893 Equity Share of Kamat Hotel of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	1,243.75	2,467.50
(March 31 2019 : 50,000 )		
3,50,000 Equity Share of Libord Finance Limited of Rs. 10/- each	1,505.00	3,622.50
fully paid up (March 31, 2019: 3,50,000)		
Nil Equity Share of Man Infra Construction of Rs. 2/- each fully paid	-	6,097.50
up (March 31, 2019: 1,50,000)		
Nil Equity Share of Rain Industries Ltd of Rs. 2/- each fully paid up	-	1,537.50
(March 31, 2019 : 15,000)		
20,000 Equity Share of Reliable Venture India Limited of Rs. 10/-	180.60	273.00
each fully paid up (March 31, 2019: 20,000)		

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

	Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
		2020	2019
	Quoted Investment in Equity share at fair value through Other comprehensive income		
	Nil Equity Share of Reliance Naval & Engineering Ltd of Rs. 10/-each fully paid up (March 31, 2019 : 1,50,000)	-	1,623.00
	56,016 Equity Share of Supreme Infrastructure India Ltd of Rs. 10/-each fully paid up (March 31, 2019 : Nil)	638.58	-
	2,00,000 Equity Share of Tarapur Transformers of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up (March 31, 2019 : 2,00,000)	614.00	842.00
	(A)	47,948.69	56,985.74
	Unquoted Investment at carrying Cost		
	50,000 Equity Share of The Bharat Co-Operative Bank Mumbai Ltd of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up (March 31, 2019 : 50,000)	500.00	500.00
	2,00,000 Equity Share of Beta Corporation Ltd of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up (March 31, 2019 : 2,00,000)	0.20	0.20
	<b>(B)</b>	500.20	500.20
	(A+B)	48,448.89	57,485.94
	Aggregate book value of quoted investment	68,338.17	47,783.90
	Aggregate market value of quoted investment	47,948.69	56,985.74
	Aggregate value of unquoted investment	500.20	500.20
5 (b)	BANK BALANCE (Carried at amortised cost)		
	Deposits with maturity date more than 3 months and less than 12	41,671.40	5,603.42
	Deposits with maturity date more than 12 months*	40,263.70	75,930.49
		81,935.10	81,533.91
	Current	41,671.40	5,603.42
	Non-Current	40,263.70	75,930.49
6	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		
ŭ	MAT Credit Entitlement	1,671.58	1,671.58
		1,671.58	1,671.58
7	OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS (Carried at amortised cost) Security Deposits		
	Unsecured, considered good	396.00	396.00
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	396.00	396.00
8	INVENTORIES		
O	(Valued at Lower of cost and net realizable value)		
	Stock - in trade	748.11	786.38
	•	748.11	786.38
	•	,1	

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
9	TRADE RECEIVABLE		
	Unsecured		
	Considered Good	2,278.37	6,571.66
	Considered Doubtful	16,036.25	16,036.25
		18,314.62	22,607.91
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	16,036.25	16,036.25
		2,278.37	6,571.66

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person, Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30-90 days.

Ageing of receivables that are past due but not impaired:

Particulars	Neither Past due nor Impaired	Past due but not Impaired Less than 1 year	Total
Trade Receivables as of 31st March, 2020	(949.96)	16,036.25	15,086.29
Trade Receivables as of 31st March, 2019	4,973.69	16,036.25	21,009.94

10	CASH & CASH EQUAVALENTS		
	(i) Balances with Banks:		
	- Current Accounts	1,270.25	84.01
	- Overdraft Accounts	476.53	14,099.24
	- Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months #	-	5,435.00
	(ii) Cash-in-hand	503.72	645.26
		2,250.50	20,263.51
	# The balance on deposit accounts bears an average interest rate of	7.30%.	
11	CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)		
	Advance Income tax and TDS (net of provision)	1,545.70	861.69
		1,545.70	861.69
12	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
	1 Advances recoverable in cash or in kind for value to be received		
	Prepaid expenses	94.09	43.60
	Others	1,506.00	1,100.00
		1,600,09	1.143 60

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

# 13 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised Shares Capital	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1,70,00,000 Equity Share of Rs.10/- each (Previous year 1,70,00,000 Equity Share of Rs. 10/- each)	170,000	170,000
	170,000	170,000
Issued , Subscribed and fully paid up		
1,70,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up (previous year 1,70,00,000 Equity share of Rs.10/- each )	170,000	170,000
	170,000	170,000

i) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

As at March	31, 2020	As at March	31, 2019
Nos	Amount	Nos	Amount
17,000,000	170,000	17,000,000	170,000
		-	-
17,000,000	170,000	17,000,000	170,000
	Nos 17,000,000	17,000,000 170,000	Nos Amount Nos 17,000,000 170,000 17,000,000

(ii) Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% share in the company

	As a		As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2020		March 31, 2019	
	Nos	% Holding	Nos	% Holding
Upsurge Investment & Finance Ltd	2,840,000	16.71	2,840,000	16.71
Saujanya Trading Pvt. Ltd.	1,796,029	10.56	1,796,029	10.56
Anurag Gupta HUF	1,768,879	10.41	1,768,879	10.41
Anurag Gupta	2,390,851	14.06	1,563,665	9.20

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

# (iii) Term/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

4 OTHER EQUITY	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
a) Securities Premium Reserve		
Balance as per the last financial statements	67,500.00	67,500.00
Add: addition during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	67,500.00	67,500.00
b) General Reserve		
Balance as per the last financial statements	601.37	601.37
Add: addition during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	601.37	601.37
c) Surplus/ (Defict) in the Profit & Loss Account	(14,104.07)	(23,557.09)
Other Comprehensive Income	(27,683.12)	8,073.53
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	(2,365.72)	1,379.49
Closing balance	(44,152.91)	(14,104.07)
Total	23,948.46	53,997.30

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

	•		
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
15	Financial Liablities (Carried at amortised cost)		
	Non - Current Borrowings		
	Vehicle Loan from bank*	1,677.49	2,631.36
	Rent deposit	69.00	69.00
		1,746.49	2,700.36
	The above amount includes		
	Aggregate Secured borrowings	1,677.49	2,631.36
	Aggregate Unsecured borrowing	69.00	69.00
	* Vehicle Loan form Yes Bank Ltd is secured against hypothication of Motor Car. Car.	rying an interest r	ate @ 8.12% P.A
16	OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILTIES		
	Vehicle Loan from bank (Current maturity for less than 12 months)*	953.87	879.69
		953.87	879.69
17	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	Particulars		
	Statutory Dues	28.72	36.14
	Other Dues	264.31	127.86
		293.03	164.00
		Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
18	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	,	,
	Sale of products		
	Trading Sale	-	2,702.03
	Consultancy Services	675.00	1,060.00
	Cash Discount	-	1.65
		675.00	3,763.68
19	OTHER INCOME		
	Office Rent	360.00	360.00
	Agriculture Income	100.69	125.00
	Interest Income On		
	: Bank Deposits	6,336.06	8,405.18
	: Other	-	138.22
	Dividend Income	493.55	219.99
		7,290.30	9,248.39
20	PURCHASE OF STOCK IN TRADE		
	Purchase of traded goods		(743.36)
			(743.36)
21	(Increase)/ Decrease in Inventories of work-in-progress, trade goodsand finished goods		
	Inventories at the Begining of the year		
	Traded goods	786.38	3,874.96
		786.38	3,874.96
	Inventories at the end of the year	_	
		740 11	786.38
	Traded goods	748.11	
	Traded goods	748.11	786.38

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

		Year ended	Year ended
22	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	Salary, Wages, Bonus etc	2,855.30	2,907.39
	Staff Welfare expenses	155.52	147.47
		3,010.82	3,054.86
22	EINANCE COCTO		
23	FINANCE COSTS	077.06	015.06
	Interest expenses	977.96	915.96
		977.96	915.96
24	OTHER EXPENSES		
	Electricity charges	90.79	80.26
	Rent	465.00	600.00
	Repairs & Maintenance ( Computer)	8.65	21.80
	Repairs & Maintenance (Others)	34.40	100.69
	Legal & Professional fees	809.48	653.00
	Stamp Duty & Filling fees	92.26	7.50
	Payments to Auditors		
	- Audit fees	55.00	55.00
	- Tax Audit fees	30.00	30.00
	Business Promotion	871.34	505.66
	Travelling & Conveyance	844.24	480.29
	Foreign Travelling	253.90	-
	Listing Fees to stock exchange	300.00	250.00
	Office expenses	190.98	220.92
	Printing, Stationary & Xerox	131.92	111.82
	Profit/ (Loss) on sale of fixed assets	10.39	-
	Motor Car Expenses	393.87	373.23
	Miscellaneous Expenses	551.26	785.03
	The second of th	5,133.48	4,275.20
		3,100110	1,273,20
25	Exceptional Items		
	Income		
	Provision Against Trade Receivable	<u> </u>	116.93
		<u> </u>	116.93
26	COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENT LIABILITY	Nil	Nil
20	COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENT LIABILITY	1411	1111
27	FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTION	Nil	Nil
20	EADMING DED CHADE		
28	EARNING PER SHARE	(20.049.94)	0.452.02
	Net profit / (loss) after tax as per statement of Profit &	(30,048.84)	9,453.02
	Weighted average number of equity shares-Basic & Diluted	17,000,000	17,000,000
	Face Value per Equity Share (Rs.)	10	10
	EPS - Basic & Diluted	(1.77)	0.56
29	REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS		
	Remuneration of Directors	770.00	840.00
		770.00	840.00
30	INCOME TAXES		
	The major components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2020 a		
	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	Current income tax charge	-	168.85
	Prior Period income tax charge	37.46	-
	Deferred tax:		y
	MAT Credit Entitlement	<del>-</del>	(168.85)
	Total	37.46	-

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

# a) A reconciliation of the income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the

Particulars		
Accounting Profit before tax	(2,328.26)	1,379.50
Income Taxable	-	877.57
At Minimum Alternate Tax Rate	-	19.24%
Derived Tax Charge for the year	-	168.85
Deferred tax:		
MAT Credit Entitlement	-	168.85
Total	<u> </u>	-
AUDITORS REMUNERATION		
Sr. No Particulars		
1 Audit Fees*	55.00	55.00
2 Tax Audit & Other Matters	30.00	30.00
	85.00	85.00

<sup>\*</sup>The Above fees is exclusive of GST.

# 32 SEGMENT REPORTING

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The company is mainly engaged in the business of trading activities. All the activities of the company revolve around the main business, and as such, in the opinion of the management, there are no separate reportable segments.

# 33 As per accounting standard 18, the disclosure of transactions with Related Parties are given below

# i. List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place:

Name of Related PartyRelationshipSankalp Properties Pvt. Ltd.KMP is DirectorShri Anurag GuptaKey Managerial Personal

ii. Details relation to transactions with related parties

Particulars	Related Party	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Rent Paid	Sankalp Properties Pvt. Ltd	390.00	300.00
Managerial Remuneration	Anurag Gupta	770.00	840.00

# 34 Financial Instruments, Risk Management Objectives & Policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The management assures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

# a Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings.

# The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

(1) The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

# **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in market interest rates. The company is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk as at the respective reporting dates.

# b Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

# **Trade Receivables:**

Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The calculation is based on exchange losses historical data. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets.

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the company's senior management.

# c Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring on a regular basis that sufficient funds are available to meet any future commitments.

# The table below summarises the maturity profile of the company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

Particulars	As of March 31, 2020		
	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Borrowings	-	1,746.49	1,746.49
Other Current Liabilities	293.03	-	293.03
Other Financial Liabilities	953.87	-	953.87
Total	1,246.90	1,746.49	2,993.39

Particulars		As of March 31, 2019		
	Less than 1 year	More than 1 year	Total	
Borrowings	-	2,700.36	2,700.36	
Other Current Liabilities	164.00		164.00	
Other Financial Liabilities	879.69		879.69	
Total	1,043.69	2,700.36	3,744.05	

# 35 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The primary objective of the company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

# **Gearing Ratio:**

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Borrowings	1746.49	2,700.36
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	2250.50	20,263.51
Net Debt	(504.01)	(17,563.15)
Total Capital	193948.46	223,997.30
Capital and Net Debt	193444.45	206,434.15
Gearing Ratio	0.00%	-9.00%

(All amounts are in Rs. "000", except for share data or as otherwise stated)

# 36 Fair value measurements

The Company's certain financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about the valuation technique(s), inputs used and the fair value hierarchy used indetermining such fair values.

	Fair value as at			Valuation
Financial Assets	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	9 Fair value hierarchy	techinique(s) and key input(s)
Investment in equity instruments at FVTOCI (quoted) (refer note below)	47,948.69	56,985.74	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market

#### Note:

These investments in equity instruments are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for medium and long-termpurpose. Upon the the provides a more meaningful presentation than reflecting changes in fair value immediately in profit or loss.

# 37 Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, where ever necessary, to conform to the current year's classification

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board For M/s. JAIN & TRIVEDI. Chartered Accountants

FRN: 113496W

Satish C. TrivediAnurag GuptaSandeep MangalPartnerManaging DirectorDirector

M. No. 038317 DIN: 00398539 DIN: 00398273

Hema BoseAyushi BhargavaPlace: MumbaiCFOCompany Secretary

Date: June 1, 2020 ACS: 60056